



**HEXAGON**

## **SEA based methods for high frequency analysis**

Nikhil Ghaisas – Acoustic Application Engineer






# Introduction

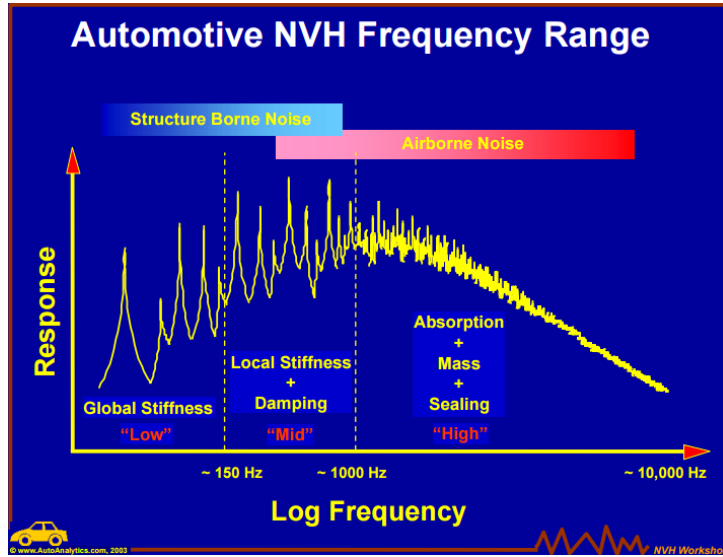
- Nikhil Ghaisas – Hexagon Manufacturing Intelligence
  - Master's degree in mechanical engineering from Purdue University
  - Now supporting technical activities related to acoustics for Hexagon in the US
  - Based out of Novi, MI
- Hexagon Manufacturing Intelligence – Acoustics Center of Excellence
  - Focused on:
    - Development of the Actran simulation software
    - Support, training and consulting
    - Research in acoustic CAE and related fields



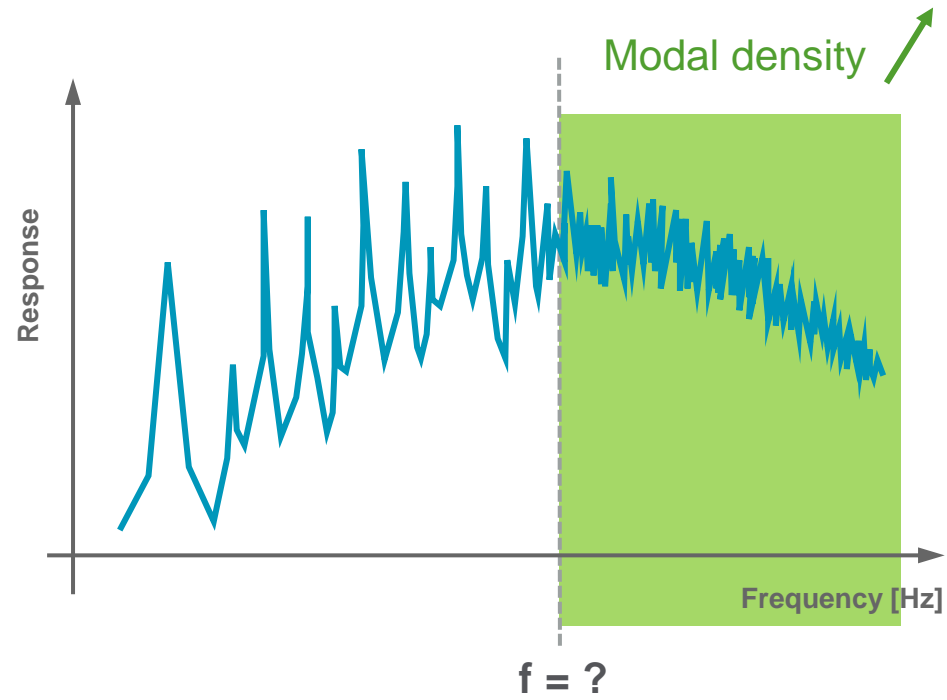
# Agenda

-  **1 Context and Challenges**
-  **2 Introduction to SEA**
-  **3 Case studies**

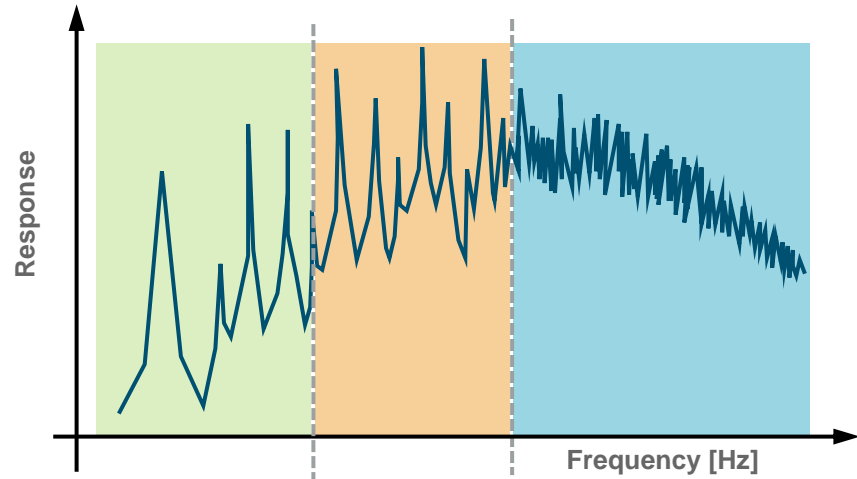
# High frequency?



SAE 2003 NVH Conference



# Which tool?



Low frequency

Mid frequency

High frequency

Model characteristics

- Local response
- Local indicator
- Small number of global modes
- ...

$$\begin{matrix} \text{Sensitivity} \\ + \\ \text{Uncertainty} \\ = \\ \text{Variability} \end{matrix}$$

- System response
- Energetic indicator
- Large number of local modes
- ...

FE Solutions

**Na** MSC Nastran

**Ac** Actran

**Na** MSC Nastran

**Ac** Actran

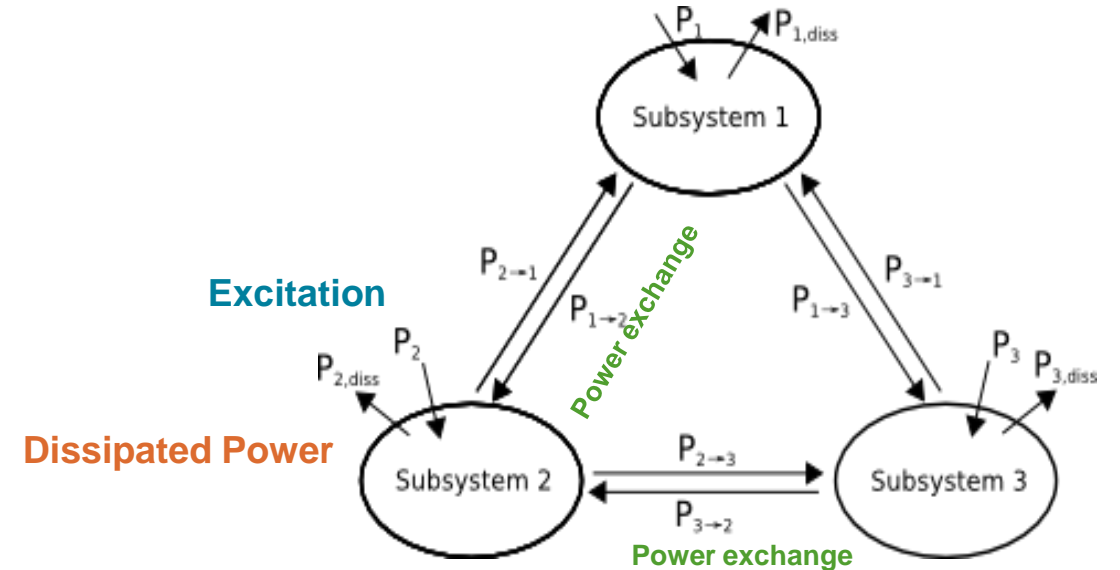


Virtual Statistical Energy Analysis

Tools

# What is Statistical Energy Analysis (SEA)?


- Statistical Energy Analysis is a simulation method targeting **high-frequency** vibration and acoustics
  - The problem is solved for energy and not displacement or pressure
  - The model is divided into a small number of sub-systems
    - Connections between sub-systems are described through coupling loss factors (CLF)
    - Energy dissipated by each sub-system is described through damping loss factors (DLF)
  - Spatial and frequency averaging is performed



# Which SEA method?

- Three main approaches are available:



	Analytical SEA	Experimental SEA	Virtual SEA
Concept	Analytical expressions	Measures Power levels with <u>Power Injection Method</u>	Virtual Power Injection Method (based on <u>FE model</u> )
Limitations	<b>Basic geometrical</b> objects for complex geometries	Access to a <b>prototype</b>	Need to have access to a <b>FE model</b>
	<b>Experienced Engineers</b> for Junction Modelling	<b>In-plane energy cannot be measured</b>	
	Only Coupling for <b>Subsystems in Contact</b>	<b>Limited size</b> of subsystem	

# Virtual SEA for mid to high frequency analysis

## Process description – Part 1

MSC Nastran

Actran

MSC Nastran SOL 103 or  
Actran modal extraction

- Start from existing Nastran model
- Run SOL103 computing modes up to high frequency **keeping the same mesh**
- Export Mass / Stiffness Matrix (using DMAP) + Structure / Cavity modes



Actran

Model preparation

FEM PIDs

Define subsystems in Actran depending on expected excitations / results locations

Alternatively, automatic definition of subsystems to meet weakly coupled assumptions

SEA Subsystems



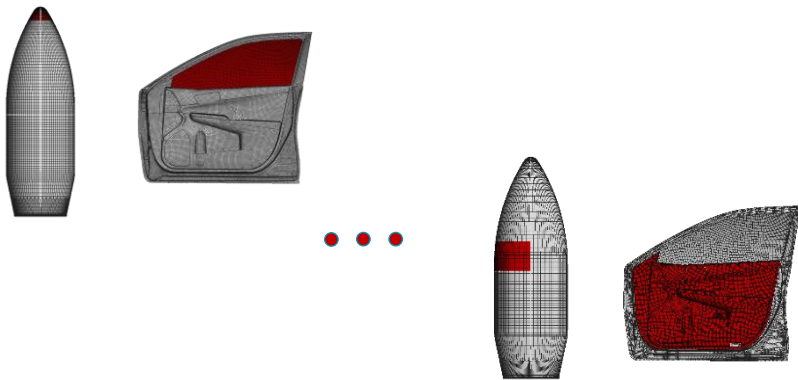
# Virtual SEA for mid to high frequency analysis

## Process description – Part 2



### SEA Model Generation

- Run the virtual power injection method
- This is a computationally intensive part
- Possibility to extrapolate computed CLF / DLF



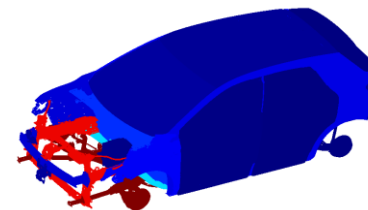
*One-by-one loading of each subsystem separately to compute power exchange*

SEA Model



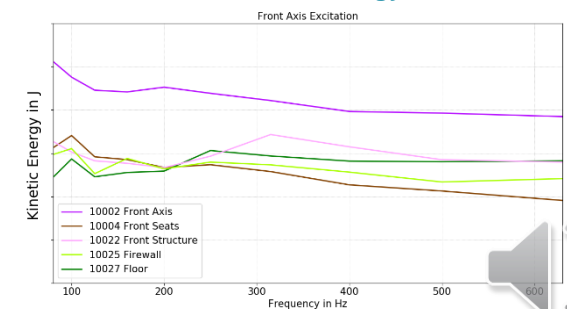
### SEA Model Solving and post-processing

- Define relevant excitation
  - Injected Power
  - Local excitation (e.g. Load)
  - Distributed Excitation (diffuse sound field, turbulent boundary layer...)
- Solve the SEA model for the defined excitation (this is very fast – few seconds/minutes)



*Energy levels, energy flux, acceleration, sound pressure level...*

### Kinetic Energy



# What can be done with Actran Virtual SEA?



# Payload hosting platform

AEC – Bordeaux 2020, Vibro-Acoustic Response Prediction of the Bartolomeo Multi-Purpose Payload

## Challenge

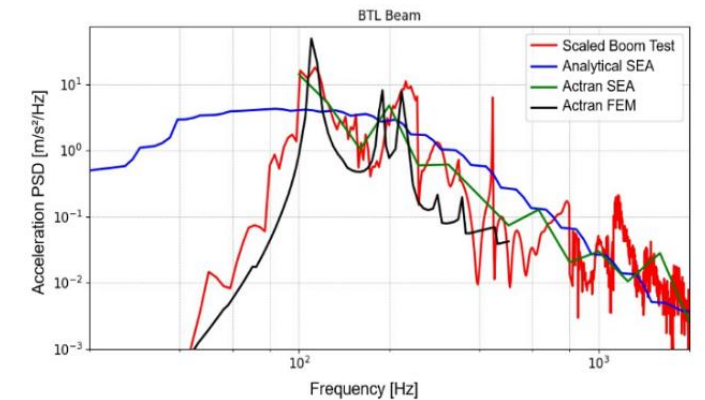
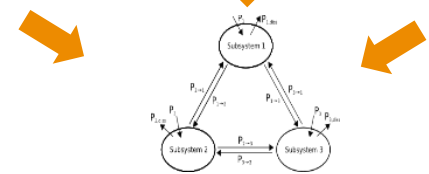
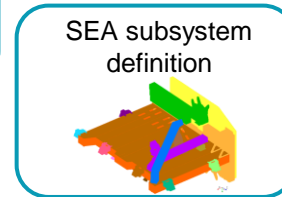
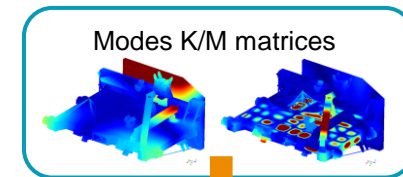
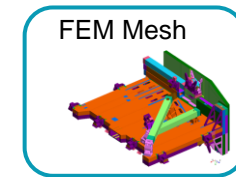
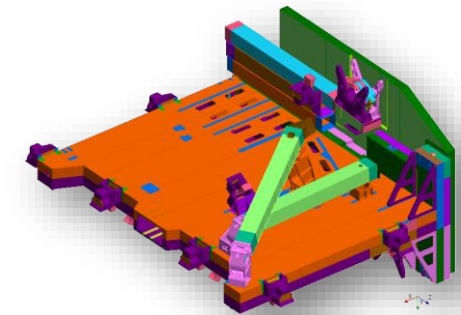
- Bartolomeo is a payload hosting platform designed for the ISS (International Space Station) that will be used over 10 years
- At lift-off, high noise levels are capable of damaging payload equipment
- Investigate efficient method for low/mid/high frequency including how to extend the frequency range of the simulation for launch loads

## Solution

- Finite Element models for structure integrity:
  - Standard solution
  - Robust and versatile solution
  - Limitation in Low/middle frequency
- **Actran Virtual SEA** → low/mid/high frequency with a smooth transition in middle and high frequency

## Benefits

- Actran FEM: standard method for correlation studies and well suited for low and mid frequencies
- Actran Virtual SEA: results are predictive over the whole frequency range, up to 2000 Hz
- Actran is able to predict accurately and efficiently the vibro-acoustic response at low/middle/high frequencies





# Trim modeling in the mid-frequency range

*ISNVH 2020, Extended Solution of a Trimmed Vehicle Finite Element Model in the Mid-Frequency Range, David Sipos et al.*

## Challenge

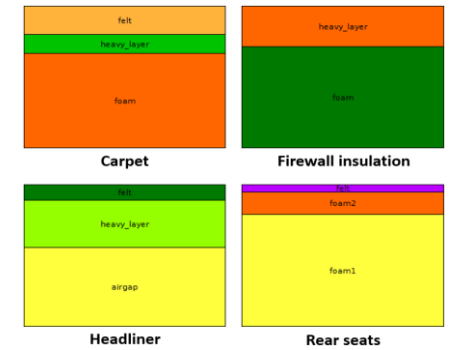
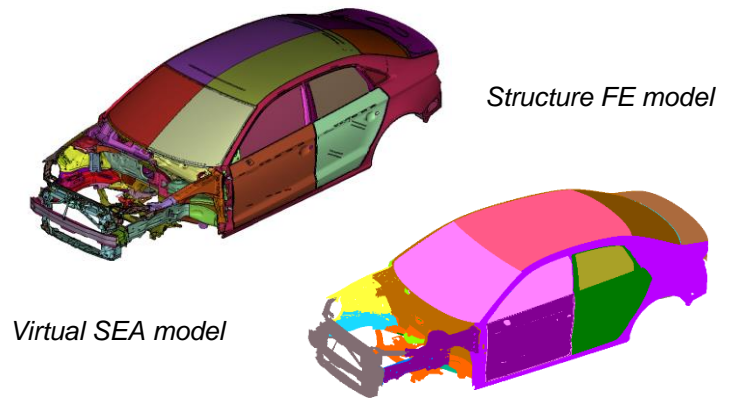
- Finite Element (FE) analysis is an established approach for modeling trimmed NVH models, providing high quality results in early design phases.
- These analyses are typically done in the low range of the frequency spectrum because of the size of the models
- There is increasing interest for tackling the mid-frequency range for trimmed models

## Solution

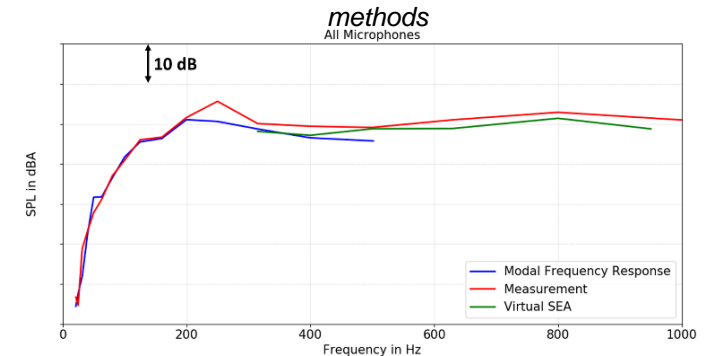
- The Actran SEA approach takes an existing FE model valid of the low frequency range and extend it to the mid-frequency range
- In Virtual SEA, the necessary information required to build the SEA system is extracted from the FE models
- Trim effects can be taken into account through an analytical trim approach based on an equivalent transfer admittance

## Benefits

- Good correlation between measurements for both microphones and accelerometers in the mid-frequency range
- Trimmed models can be solved in an industrial timeframe for higher frequencies
- Actran SEA models can be easily set up with an existing finite element model



Comparison of mean sound pressure level for the various methods

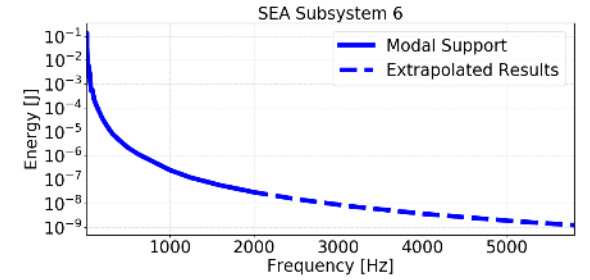
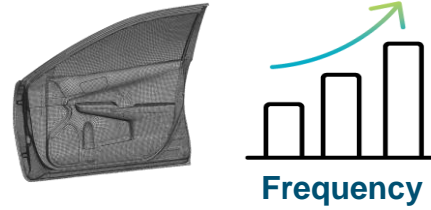
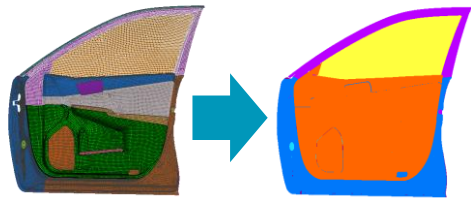


# Actran SEA: Overview

Mesh frequency extension

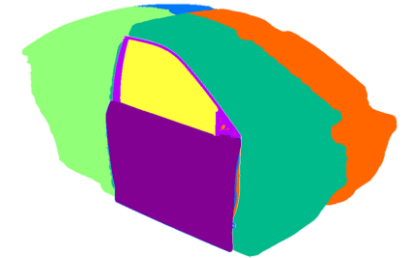
Results extrapolation

FEM to SEA in one step

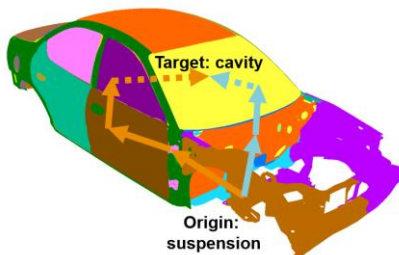


Actran SEA

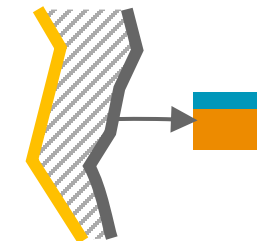
Complete vibro-acoustic solution



Transfer Path Analysis



Acoustic trim modelling



# Conclusion

- Statistical Energy Analysis is a simulation method targeting **high-frequency** vibration and acoustics
- Actran Virtual SEA allows users to build an SEA model from **FEM inputs which allows a seamless transition from mid-frequency to high frequency response**
- Its large array of features **enables users** to perform a **variety of analyses** to get **better insights** on their models
- Actran Virtual SEA has been **validated** against **multiple industrial cases** by several companies

# Thank you



## Learn more

[fft.be](http://fft.be)



## Questions?

[Support.na@fft.be](mailto:Support.na@fft.be)



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